

The Significant Growth of GIS

The "Encyclopedia of GIS First Edition" has been well received by a broad audience in industry, government and academia. By 2016, the cumulative downloads via Springer have exceeded 160,534 not counting additional downloads via other web-sites such as Google Books. Furthermore, it has received numerous recognitions such as the CHOICE outstanding title award. During this period of time, we have witnessed numerous significant advances in mobile technology and disruptive development in business that are transforming the world: the widespread use of smartphones, the increasing popularity of mobile apps, the wide deployment of location-based services (LBSs), the fast-growing taxi-hailing services like Uber, the evolution of mobile social networks, and more recently, the global interests in big data, unmanned aerial vehicles, and self-driving vehicles to improve people's lives. Nowadays, there are over one billion GPS users, exceeding the number of Microsoft Windows users. While various disciplines have been contributing to these new advances, spatial computing and GIS techniques no doubt are playing a key role here. For instance, localization is a fundamental issue for smartphones, connected and self-driving vehicles, unmanned aerial vehicles, taxi-hailing services, etc. Location information and location privacy are the essentials of LBSs. Check-in recommendation is a key function of mobile social networks. The study of spatial big data, such as Global Positioning Systems (GPS) traces of vehicles and global climate data, help people better understand human mobility patterns as well as Earth climate change. Consequently, an influential 2011 report on big data from McKinsey included a chapter on location-based big data.

To acknowledge the growth, the Association of Computing Machinery (ACM) formed a special interest group namely, SIG-Spatial, and its annual meeting attracts over 300 attendees. In addition, the Computing Research Association's Computing Community Consortium organized a multi-sector multi-disciplinary workshop titled "From GPS and Virtual Globes to Spatial Computing 2020" at national academies in 2012 to assess the state of the art and catalyze new research visions. A summary of the workshop report appeared in the Communications of the ACM in January 2016 as the cover article titled "Spatial Computing". In summary, experts in GIS related fields and researchers from other disciplines have shown strong interests in understanding these new spatial technologies and developments. Therefore, we believe it is the time to develop the second edition of the encyclopedia and include entries on the new emerging topics.

The Second Edition of Encyclopedia of GIS

The second edition of Encyclopedia of GIS provides us an opportunity to enhance topic coverage and content timeliness of the first edition. While over 200 entries across 50 different fields were included in the first edition, there are still a few important topics left out, such as basic concepts in GIS and GPS. As suggested by GIS colleagues, we have included some of these topics in the second edition. Moreover, new research advances on some existing fields of the first edition are also updated either by adding new entries or through the revision of existing entries. The contributors of this book come from 31 counties in all the continents except Antarctica.

The second edition inherited all the key features from the previous edition. Typical entries are 3,000 words with sections such as definition, scientific fundamentals, application domains, and future trends. Regular entries include key citations and a list of recommended reading materials regarding the literature. The encyclopedia is also simultaneously available as an HTML online reference with hyperlinked citations, cross-references, four-color art, links to Web-based maps, and other interactive features.

The contributors come from 31 countries of 6 continents (All except Antarctica).

Free Online Access in 7,700 Institutions and via Google Books

Encyclopedia of GIS is included in the Springer package available in over 7,700 institutions worldwide as well as on third-party websites such as Google Books. At the University of Minnesota, the Encyclopedia of GIS has been used as teaching materials in spatial computing and spatial database courses at no cost to students. Its articles were used for the Fall 2014 Coursera's massively open online course titled "From GPS and Google Maps to Spatial Computing," with over 21,800 students from 182 countries. We hope that the second edition could continue serving the research community and the general public as a helpful introductory material to GIS, a resourceful research reference, and an illustrative GIS textbook.

Print Edition

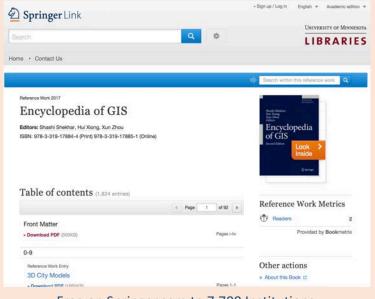
2nd ed. 2017. LIV, 2507 p. 1054 illus., 507 illus. in color. ISBN: 978-3-319-17884-4

eReference

ISBN: 978-3-319-17885-1

New Fields and Topics

The second edition includes 25 additional fields that are either previously absent from the first edition or recently emerged as new research topics. Each field has typically 3-10 articles. These fields include spatial computing infrastructure, spatial cognitive assistance, volunteering geographic information (VGI), GPS-denied environment, statistically significant spatiotemporal pattern mining, mobile economy, mobile recommender systems, spatial network routing, spatial optimization, web-based GIS (industry perspective), location- based recommendation systems, linear anomaly window detection, intelligent transportation, GPU-based spatial computing, spatiotemporal analysis of climate data, geospatial weather and climate nexus, spatial statistics, concepts in spatial statistics, data science for GIS applications, 3D modeling and analysis, geometric nearest-neighbor queries, modeling of spatial relations, concepts in statistics for spatial and spatiotemporal data, high-performance computing in GIS, and trends. Furthermore, there are two fields, road network databases and constraint databases and data mining, which have been updated by the original editors with new concepts added or existing articles revised to accommodate more recent research results and technical advances.



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Encyclopedia of GIS (Second Edition)

Praise For The First Edition

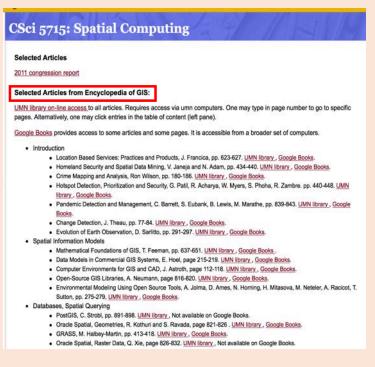
"The focus here, however, is on the mathematical and computational aspects of GIS This is very welcome to those practitioners who have been less exposed to some of the mathematical and computational aspects of GIS. This is also very welcome to the researcher or graduate student within any of the interdisciplinary areas that use GIS. ... I highly recommend it."

(Pascal V. Calarco, ACM Computing Reviews, November, 2008)

"This single-volume reference work is a highly welcome ... addition to the rapidly advancing field of geographic information systems. Peer-reviewed entries from over 300 contributors cover 41 topical subfields, with an overall emphasis on computational aspects of GIS. The volume is adequately illustrated with 723 figures and 90 tables in black and white. A full bibliography and concise list of entry terms are provided at the back of the work. ... Summing Up: Highly recommended. Upper-division geography students through professionals."

(C. E. Smith, CHOICE, Vol. 45 (11), 2008)

"The encyclopedia is divided into 41 fields, each one an important sub-area within GIS. ... the editors' organization of the material and comprehensive and systematic approach are superb and shall give students, eager readers as well as researchers an understanding of the topics in quite full depth and breadth. ... is lavishly illustrated with figures, graphs and tables, the design and execution of which are as perfect as the material they illustrate. ... it is sturdy and opens out nicely for study and reference." (*Current Engineering Practice, 2008*).



In GSNs, however, node positions are often inexact or not available, and links between nodes can be completed for the complete of duribuned computing. Boston, 11-6 July 2003

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Statis. L. Tain E. Uner M (2007, in pres) Efficient data selectine and selectine generic in some reservals. In generation and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More and the selection and selectine generic in some reservals. More generation and selection and selectine generation and selection and selectine generation and selection and se

Recommended Reading

Geosensor Networks, Qualitative Monitoring of Dynamic Fields

Matt Duckham

Ambient spatial intelligence; Combinatorial map; Discretization of quantitative attributes; Qualita-tive spatial reasoning; Qualitative spatial repre-

Backgrounds and fundamentals

Geosmon Networks, Qualitative Monitoring of Dynamer's of spatially and temporally a day records. For example, an environmental manager may be interested in the whether shigh temperature "bostpot" has grown or move Generating qualitative infu martion about dy-namic spatial fields within a GV presents a num-ber of challenges. The most is bortant challenge is to achieve qualitative more bring using only no local communication between the metry modes. Resource limitations in GSN lean that global communication, where any me ic en communi-cale with any other, is not can be allowed the communication where any me ic en communi-cale with any other, is not can be allowed the communication and the communication of qualitative monitoring of lynamic spatial fields usually assume that at a critical in global knowledge about the size of the entire network, only to local knowledge about the size of its immediate neighbors.

Qualitative spatial reasoning is concerned with discrete, non-numerical properties of space. There are three main reasons for being interested in the qualitative (as opposed to the quantitative) aspects of geographic space (Galton 2000):

Historical Background

- Qualitative properties form a small, discrete domain; quantitative properties form a large, continuous domain, often modeled by real numbers. For example, temperatures in degrees Kelvin are modeled using the set of non-negative real numbers. Yet for some applications, temperature may be adequately modeled as an element from the set {hot, cold, warm}.
- Qualitative properties are supervenient on, and Qualitative properties are super-reination, and derivable from, quantitative properties. For example, in a particular application the numerical temperature 35°C may be described qualitatively as "hot."

 The boundaries between qualities normally correspond to salient discontinuities in human conceptualization of quantitative propertiesis. Strict issues Sacing any GSN for monitoring apdamaic properties are properties.

plications, the qualitative boundary between "warm" and "hot" may be set to correspond to the quantitative temperature at which coral reefs are in danger of coral bleaching.

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an earby nodes.
can communible. Thus, stude

Randell et al. 1992).

Randell et al. 1992),

Scientific Fundamentals

With respect to GSNs, the three general reasons for being interested in qualitative aspects of ge-ographic space lead directly to three potential advantages of using qualitative monitoring of dynamic spatial fields in GSNs.

- Because qualitative properties form a smaller discrete domain than quantitative properties of space, processing and communication of qualitative information in GSNs can potentially be achieved more efficiently, using less resources, than for quantitative information. Any quantitative information generated by sensors nodes can always be converted into a less detailed qualitative representation, although the converse is not true. Further, the inherent imprecision of qualitative information can help make sensor networks more robust to imprecision and other forms of uncertainty in sensor readings.

 Using qualitative representations enables
- Using qualitative representations enables salient entities to be derived from complex dynamic fields, reducing system complexity and resulting in GSNs that are easier to design, construct, and query.

exity is fundamental to the presentation and reasoning ing continuous dynamic in-ete sets of salient symbols ing complexity. The second smal techniques for local discrete, salient symbols.

agine designing a sensor h monitoring a dynamic network for monitoring sea e coral reef environments. tion and reasoning can be tigh levels of complexity in

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Clear problem definition

ensor Networks, Qualitative Monitoring of Dynamic Fields

Geosensor Networks, Qualitative Monitoring of Dynamic Fields, Fig. 2 Local tracking of salient spatial such as splitting and mervine

information about the relative direction of it's immediate neighbors. Further, the inherent constructed, it can be efficiently and dynam spatial imprecision in combinatorial maps, and related qualitative spatial structures, means that sensor network aims to activate and dear the resulting system can be more tolerant to sensor in response to changes in the dyn imperfect information (e.g., the cyclic ordering of field. Figure 3 illustrates the idea, where se nabject to inaccuracy that, for example, location yeatens that eyo next coordinate locations or spots from one sensor to another). Havine rezendal amorentate unalitative representations.

systems that rely on exact coordinate locations or bearings from one sensor to another. Having exacted appropriate qualitative repre-leases the control of the control of the control exclusions for reasoning about these qualitative representations. In Fig. 2 region of dynamic spa-tial field (such as high temperature Tod-sport') is being tracked through a GSN structured as a triangulation (using a combinatorial map). As-suming the region moves continuously, a vari-tragulation (using a combinatorial map). As-suming the region moves continuously, a vari-tragulation (using a combinatorial map). As-suming the region moves continuously, a vari-rent proposition of the control of the control distinct parts (Fig. 2, center). As a consequence of the combinatorial map structure, this node can office combinatorial map structure, this node can cally detect that a sphitnerge event is taking place (see Worboys and Ducklam (2016) for more information.

sensors are deactivated to increase sensor lifetimes. Qualitative rules for achieving behavior can be constructed based pure qualitative spatial representations, like combinatorial map (see Duckham et al. (for further information).

Dynamic spatial fields are of interest acre enormous variety of environmental applica including meteorology, land cover change rine science, water resources managemen fense, and emergency management and resp la general, applications of qualitative mo-ing of dynamic spatial fields can fall into

Extensive illustrations

broad categories. One category of use can be characterized as natural resource management, where decision makers use information gathered by GSN to manage scarce or fragile natural resources, Qualitative monitoring can help provide salient information to decision makers in a from that is more understandable and compatible with human conceptualization of dynamic spanial processes. Ultimately, such information can contribute to improved decision making. A sectoral category of use can be characterized as scientific investigation of natural resources, where GSN are used by scientists to gather more detailed information about the environment than possible with conventional data logging techtailed information about the environment than possible with conventional data logging techniques. In such cases, qualitative monitoring can assist in filtering data, screening out irrelevant data and highlighting high-level events of interest that can subsequently be investigated more closely.

Future Directions

As a relatively young area of study, qualitative monitoring of dynamic spatial fields has many important directions for future study, including:

- Sensor mobility: Although regions of namic spatial field may be regarded as nurrently sensor nodes within the GS typically assumed to be static. Sensor medds another layer of complexity to do ing geosensor networks, which qualitaris proaches are ideally suited to deally suited to deally suited to deally suited to SGN susually comprise one type of s node engaged in a single task. Future will need to enable different types of interoperate on a variety of tasks, req the capability to integrate multiple qualiqueries across multiple different node ty
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ability to manage complexity at every system level. Qualitative approaches provide one component of that complexity management, but further tools are required.

- ▶ Distributed Geospatial Computing (DGC)
 ▶ Geosensor Networks, Estimating Continuous

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GeoSocial Data Analytics

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Friendships; Implicit social connections; Social

Definition

The ubiquity of mobile devices has enabled Location-Based Social Networks (IBSN), such as Foursquare and Twitter, to collect large datasets of people's locations, which tell who has been where and when. Such a collection of people's locations over time (als. apatiotemporal data) is a rich source of information for studying various social behaviors. One particular behavior that has gained considerable attention in research and has numerous online applications is whether social relationships among people can be inferred from spatiotenroporal data and how to estimate the strength of each relationship quantitatively (alsa social strength). The intuition is that if two people have been to the same places at the same intenticals co-concurrences), there is a good chance; that they are socially related. Thus, the goal is to derive the implication scial network of people and the social strength from their real-world location data as opposed to or in addition to their online. uerive the *impticit* social network of people and the social strength from their real-world location data as opposed to or in addition to their online

activities.

Social strength is a quantitative measure between 0 and 1, which shows the extent two people are socially related. The 0 value indicates the

Future research directions

Reference list

Outline of An article

- Synonyms
- Definition
- Historical Background
- Scientific Fundamentals
- **Key Applications**
- **Future Directions**
- References

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Viswanath Gunturi, IIT Ropar, India

Fields and Field Editors (New fields are red)

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